TCEQ Interoffice Memorandum

To: Tony Walker

Director, TCEQ Region 4, Dallas/Fort Worth

Alyssa Taylor

Air Section Manager, TCEQ Region 4, Dallas/Fort Worth

From: Shannon Ethridge, M.S., D.A.B.T. S.E.

Toxicology Division, Chief Engineer's Office

Date: December 15, 2011

Subject: Toxicological Evaluation of Results from an Ambient Air Sample for Volatile

Organic Compounds Collected at Latitude 32.83452, Longitude -97.57117, Downwind of the Vantage Fort Worth Energy LLC - Boling 1H & 2H Site near

Azle, Parker County, Texas

Sample Collected on August 5, 2011, ACL 1108039 (Lab Sample 1108039-001)

Key Points

• Reported concentrations of target volatile organic compounds (VOCs) were either not detected or were detected below levels of short-term health and/or welfare concern.

Background

On August 5, 2011, a Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Region 4 Air Investigator collected a 30-minute canister sample (Lab Sample 1108039-001) downwind of the Vantage Fort Worth Energy LLC - Boling 1H & 2H Site near Azle, Parker County, Texas (Latitude 32.83452, Longitude -97.57117). The sample was collected in response to a citizen complaint of headache, sore eyes, sore throat, and tumors. The investigator experienced a light, intermittent condensate odor during the sampling event and no health effects. Meteorological conditions measured at the site or nearest stationary ambient air monitoring site indicated that the ambient temperature was 98.9°F with a relative humidity of 37.2%, and winds were from the south (180°) at 1.9 to 4.4 miles per hour. The sampling site and nearest location where the public could have access were at the fenceline/property line of the facility. The sample was sent to the TCEQ laboratory in Austin, Texas, and analyzed for a range of VOCs. The list of the target analytes that were evaluated in this review is provided in Attachment A. The VOC concentrations were reported in parts per billion by volume (ppbv) (Attachment B and Table 1). Please note that the available canister technology and analysis method cannot capture and/or analyze for all chemicals.

Tony Walker et al. December 15, 2011 Page 2 of 13

Results and Evaluation

Reported VOC concentrations were compared to TCEQ's short-term health- and/or welfare-based air monitoring comparison values (AMCVs) (Table 1). Short-term AMCVs are guidelines used to evaluate ambient concentrations of a chemical in air and to determine its potential to result in adverse health effects, adverse vegetative effects, or odors. Health AMCVs are set to provide a margin of safety and are set well below levels at which adverse health effects are reported in the scientific literature. If a chemical concentration in ambient air is less than its comparison value, no adverse health effects are expected to occur. If a chemical concentration exceeds its comparison value it does not necessarily mean that adverse effects will occur, but rather that further evaluation is warranted.

All of the 84 VOCs were either not detected or were detected below their respective short-term AMCVs. Exposure to levels of VOCs measured in this sample would not be expected to cause short-term adverse health effects, adverse vegetative effects, or odors.

Please call me at (512) 239-1822 if you have any questions regarding this evaluation.

Tony Walker et al. December 15, 2011 Page 3 of 13

Attachment A

List of Target Analytes for Canister Samples

ethane ethylene acetylene propane propylene dichlorodifluoromethane methyl chloride isobutane vinyl chloride 1-butene 1.3-butadiene n-butane t-2-butene bromomethane c-2-butene 3-methyl-1-butene

isopentane

trichlorofluoromethane

1-pentene n-pentane isoprene t-2-pentene

1,1-dichloroethylene

c-2-pentene

methylene chloride 2-methyl-2-butene 2,2-dimethylbutane cyclopentene

4-methyl-1-pentene 1.1-dichloroethane cyclopentane 2,3-dimethylbutane 2-methylpentane 3-methylpentane

2-methyl-1-pentene + 1-hexene

n-hexane chloroform t-2-hexene c-2-hexene

1,2-dichloroethane methylcyclopentane 2,4-dimethylpentane 1,1,1-trichloroethane

benzene

carbon tetrachloride

cyclohexane 2-methylhexane 2,3-dimethylpentane 3-methylhexane 1,2-dichloropropane trichloroethylene 2,2,4-trimethylpentane

2-chloropentane

n-heptane

c-1,3-dichloropropylene methylcyclohexane

t-1,3-dichloropropylene 1.1.2-trichloroethane 2,3,4-trimethylpentane toluene

2-methylheptane 3-methylheptane 1.2-dibromoethane

n-octane

tetrachloroethylene chlorobenzene ethylbenzene m & p-xylene styrene

1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane

o-xylene n-nonane

isopropylbenzene n-propylbenzene m-ethyltoluene p-ethyltoluene

1,3,5-trimethylbenzene

o-ethyltoluene

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

n-decane

1,2,3-trimethylbenzene m-diethylbenzene p-diethylbenzene n-undecane

Tony Walker et al. December 15, 2011 Page 4 of 13

Attachment B

Technical Specialist:

David Manis

8/15/2011

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Laboratory and Quality Assurance Section P.O. Box 13087, MC-165 Austin, Texas 78711-3087 (512) 239-1716

Laboratory Analysis Results ACL Number: 1108039

. AC	L Number: 1108039		
ACL Lead: David Manis	Region: T04	Date 1	Received: 8/9/2011
Project(s): Barnett Shale			
Facility(ies) Sampled	City	County	Facility Type
Vantage Energy	Azle	Parker	
Laboratory Procedure(s) Performed:			
Analysis: AMOR006 Determination of VOC Canisters by GC/MS Using Procedure: Prior to analysis, subatmospheric samples are press analysis, a known volume of a sample is directed fix are added to the sample stream prior to the trap. The column for separation. The analytical strategy invodetector (MSD) and a flame ionization detector (FII then used for target compound identification and question under similar conditions in order to identify the fragment is compared with the system response to the compound concentration in the sample. For non-tar standard, a library search is performed in an attempt identified compounds (TIC's) are reported as a samp FID is used for the quantitation of ethane, ethylene, retention times of standards containing known analysts.	surized to twice the collected of the canister into a multitrate concentrated sample is therely susing a GC with dual co. D). Mass spectra for individuantitation. The fragmentation are compound. For any given the fragment for known amount get compound peaks which at to identify the compound so the specific footnote. Accurate acetylene, propylene and pro-	p cryogenic of mally desorbed lumns that are all peaks in the pattern is con- compound, the its of the com- pre at least one lely upon frac- te quantitation	oncentrator. Internal standards of and carried onto a GC coupled to a mass selective e total ion chromatogram are intensity of the quantitation oound. This establishes the chalf the height of the internal ture patterns. These tentatively of TICs is not possible. The
Sample(s) Received Field ID Number: 20229 Labora Sampling Site: Boler 1H, 2H Comments: Canister 20229 was used to collect a 30		mpled: 08/05	Sampled by: Jonathan Powell /11 11:49:00 Valid Sample; Ye
Please note that this analytical technique is adverse health effects. For questions on th (512) 239-4894. For an update on the heal Division at (512) 239-1795. Analyst: Jinhua Li	e analytical procedures p	olease conta hese data, p	ct the laboratory manager a
Reviewed By:		Date:_	

Date:___

Laboratory Analysis Results ACL Number: 1108039

Analysis Code: AMOR006

Leb ID		1	108039-001				
Field ID		20229					
Canister ID			20229				
Annivais Date			08/11/11				
Compound	LOD	Concentration	SDL	Flags**	Concentration	SDL	Flags**
sthane	0.50	7.7	1.0	T,D1			
ethylene	0.50	0.12	1.0	J,T,DI	-		
ncetylene	0.50	ND	1.0	T,D1			
propane	0.50	2.8	1.0	T,D1			
propylene	0.50	ND	1.0	T,D1			
dichlorodifluoromethane	0.20	0.52	0.40	L,D1			
methyl chloride	0.20	0.61	0.40	L,D1			
sobutane	0.23	0.55	0.46	L,D1			
vinyl chloride	0.17	ND:	0.34	Di	 		
-butene	0.20	0.28	0.46	J,D1			
_3-butadiene	0.27	ND .	0.54	DI.			
n-butane	0.20	0.82	0.46	LDI			
-2-butene	0.18	ND	0.36	DI	1		
promomethane	0.27	ND	0.54	DI	†		
-2-butene	0.27	ND	0.54	DI			
3-methyl-1-butene	0.23	ND	0.46	DI			
sopentane	0.27	0.32	0.54	7'DI	ļ		
richloroflugromethane	0.29	0.25	0.58	TDI	1		
-pentene	0.27	ND	0.54	DI			
i-pentane	0.27	ND	0.54	DI	-		
soprene	0.27	1.2	-0.54	1 _a DI	<u> </u>		-
-2-pentene	0.27	ND	0.54	DI		-	
, I -dichtoroethylene	0.18	· ND	0.36	DI			
>2-pentene	0.25	ND	0.50	D!	-	-	-
nethylase chloride	0.14	ND	0.33	DI			
2-methyl-2-butene	0.23	ND	0.46	DI			
2,2-dimethy/butane	0.21	ND	0.42	DI.	+		
cyclopentene	0.20	ND	0.40	D1	+	\rightarrow	
I-mathyl-1-pentene	0.22	ND	0.44	DI			
,1-dichloroethane	0.19	ND				-	
yelopentane	0.19	ND	0.38	D)			
2,3-dimethylbutane	0.28	ND	0.54	D1	ļ		
l-methylpentane	1-1		0.56	D1			The Control of the Control
1-methylpentane	0.27	ND ND	0.54	D1	ļ		
t-methyl-1-pentene + 1-havene	0.23	ND	0.46	D1			
i-hexane			0.40	DI			
hioroform	0.20	ND	0.40	DI			
2-hexene	0.21	ND	0.42	DI			
-2-hexene	0.27	ND	0.54	Dt Dt		-	
,2-dichloroethane	0.27	ND	0.54	DI			
	0.27	ND ND	0.54	DI			
nethyleyolopentane	0.27	ND	0.54	DI	-		
.4-dimethylpentane	0.27	ND	0.54	DI	-		
, l , l - trichlorcethane	0,26	ND	0.52	DI			
enzene	0,27	0.26	0.54	J,D1			-
arbon tetrachloride	0.27	ND	0.54	DI			
yclohexane	0.24	ND	0.48	DI			
-methylhexane ,3-dimethylpentane	0.27	0.04	0.54	J,D1			

Laboratory Analysis Results

ACL Number: 1108039 Analysis Code: AMOR006

Lab ID		1	1108039-001				
Conspound	LOD	Concentration	ŞDL.	Plags**	Concentration	SDL	Flags**
3-methylhexane	0.20	ND	0.40	DI			
1,2-dichloropropane	0.17	ND	0.34	DI			
trichloroethylene	0.29	ND	0.58	DI			
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	0.24	ND	0.48	DI			
2-chloropentane	0.27	ND	0.54	DI			
n-heptane	0.25	ND	0.50	DI			
e-1,3-dichloropropylene	0.20	ND	0.40	DI			
methylcyclohexane	0.26	ND	0.52	DI			
t-1,3-dichloropropylene	0.26	ND	0.40	.DI			
1,1,2-trichloroethane	0.21	ND	0.42	DI			
2,3,4-trimethy/pentane	0.24	ND -	0.48	DI			
tolwene	0.27	0.10	0.54	J,Dt	1		
2-mothylheptane	0.20	0.02	0.40	J,DI			
3-methydreptane	0.23	ND ·	0.46	DI			
,2-dibromoethane	0.20	ND	0.40	DI			
n-octane	0.19	ND	0.38	DI			_
tetrachloroethylene	0.24	ND	0.48	D1			
dillorobenzene	0.27	ND	0.54	Di			
ethylhenzene	0.27	0.02	0.54	J,DI			-
n & p-xylene	0.27	0.04	0,54	J,D1			
styrene	6.27	ND	0.54	DI			
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	0.20	ND	0.40	DI			
o-xylene	0.27	ND	0.54	Di			
1-nonane	0.22	- ND	0.44	DL			
sopropylbenzene	0.24	ND	0.48	DL			
n-propylbenzene	0.27	ND	0.54	DI			
n-ethyltoluene	0.11	ND	0.22	DI			
-ethyltoluene	0.16	ND	0.32	DI			
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	0.25	ND	0.50	DI			
-ethyltoluene	0.13	ND	0.26	DI			
1,2,4-trimethy/benzene	0.27	ND	0.54	Di			
i-decane	0.27	ND	0.54	DI			
,2,3-trimethylbenzone	0.27	ND	0.54	DI			
n-diethylhonzens	0.27	ND	0.54	DI			
-diethylbenzene	0.27	ND	6.54	DI	1		
-undecane	0.27	ND	0,54	Di	1		

Tony Walker et al. December 15, 2011 Page 7 of 13

Laboratory Analysis Results ACL Number: 1108039 Analysis Code: AMOR006

Quality Control Notes:

D1-sample concentration was calculated using a dilution factor of 4.02.

TCEQ laboratory customer support may be reached at kbachtel@tceq.state.tx,us.

The TCEQ is an equal opportunity/affirmative action employer. The agency does not allow discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability, age, sexual orientation or veteran status. In compliance with the Americans With Disabilities Act, this document may be requested in alternate formats by contacting the TCEQ at (512) 239-0010, (Fax 512-239 -0055), or 1-800-RELAY-TX (TDD), or by writing P.O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087.

Tony Walker et al. December 15, 2011 Page 8 of 13

Table 1. Comparison of Monitored Concentrations in Lab Sample 1108039-001 to TCEQ Short-Term AMCVs

Lab Sample ID	1108039-001					
Compound	Odor AMCV (ppb _v)	Short-Term Health AMCV (ppb _v)	LOD (ppb _v)	Concentrations (ppb _v)	Flags	SDL (ppb _v)
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	380,000	1,700	0.26	ND	D1	0.52
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	7,300	10	0.2	ND	D1	0.4
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Not Available	100	0.21	ND	D1	0.42
1,1-Dichloroethane	110,000	1,000	0.19	ND	D1	0.38
1,1-Dichloroethylene	Not Available	180	0.18	ND	D1	0.36
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	Not Available	250	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Not Available	250	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
1,2-Dibromoethane	10,000	0.5	0.2	ND	D1	0.4
1,2-Dichloroethane	6,000	40	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
1,2-Dichloropropane	250	100	0.17	ND	D1	0.34
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Not Available	250	0.25	ND	D1	0.5
1,3-Butadiene	230	1,700	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
1-Butene	360	50,000	0.2	0.28	J,D1	0.4
1-Pentene	100	2,600	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Not Available	750	0.24	ND	D1	0.48
2,2-Dimethylbutane (Neohexane)	Not Available	1,000	0.21	ND	D1	0.42
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	Not Available	750	0.24	ND	D1	0.48
2,3-Dimethylbutane	Not Available	990	0.28	ND	D1	0.56
2,3-Dimethylpentane	Not Available	850	0.26	ND	D1	0.52
2,4-Dimethylpentane	290,000	850	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
2-Chloropentane (as chloroethane)	Not Available	190	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
2-Methyl-1-Pentene +1-Hexene	20	500	0.2	ND	D1	0.4
2-Methyl-2-Butene	250	500	0.23	ND	D1	0.46
2-Methylheptane	Not Available	750	0.2	0.02	J,D1	0.4

Lab Sample ID	1108039-001					
Compound	Odor AMCV (ppb _v)	Short-Term Health AMCV (ppb _v)	LOD (ppb _v)	Concentrations (ppb _v)	Flags	SDL (ppb _v)
2-Methylhexane	Not Available	750	0.27	0.04	J,D1	0.54
2-Methylpentane (Isohexane)	83	1,000	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
3-Methyl-1-Butene	250	8,000	0.23	ND	D1	0.46
3-Methylheptane	Not Available	750	0.23	ND	D1	0.46
3-Methylhexane	Not Available	750	0.2	ND	D1	0.4
3-Methylpentane	Not Available	1,000	0.23	ND	D1	0.46
4-Methyl-1-Pentene (as hexene)	20	500	0.22	ND	D1	0.44
Acetylene	620,000	25,000	0.5	ND	T,D1	1
Benzene	2,700	180	0.27	0.26	J,D1	0.54
Bromomethane (methyl bromide)	21,000	30	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
c-1,3-Dichloropropylene	Not Available	10	0.2	ND	D1	0.4
c-2-Butene	2,100	15,000	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
c-2-Hexene	Not Available	500	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
c-2-Pentene	Not Available	2,600	0.25	ND	D1	0.5
Carbon Tetrachloride	97,000	20	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
Chlorobenzene (phenyl chloride)	210	100	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
Chloroform (trichloromethane)	85,000	20	0.21	ND	D1	0.42
Cyclohexane	420	1,000	0.24	ND	D1	0.48
Cyclopentane	Not Available	1,200	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
Cyclopentene	Not Available	2,900	0.2	ND	D1	0.4
Dichlorodifluoromethane	Not Available	10,000	0.2	0.52	L,D1	0.4
Ethane	180,000	Simple Asphyxiant*	0.5	7.7	T,D1	1
Ethylbenzene	170	20,000	0.27	0.02	J,D1	0.54
Ethylene	270,000	500,000	0.5	0.12	J,T,D1	1
Isobutane	2,040	8,000	0.23	0.55	L,D1	0.46
Isopentane (2-methylbutane)	1,300	68,000	0.27	0.32	J,D1	0.54

Lab Sample ID	1108039-001					
Compound	Odor AMCV (ppb _v)	Short-Term Health AMCV (ppb _v)	LOD (ppb _v)	Concentrations (ppb _v)	Flags	SDL (ppb _v)
Isoprene	5	20	0.27	1.2	L,D1	0.54
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	100	500	0.24	ND	D1	0.48
m & p-Xylene (as mixed isomers)	80	1,700	0.27	0.04	J,D1	0.54
m-Diethylbenzene	70	460	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
Methyl Chloride (chloromethane)	Not Available	500	0.2	0.61	L,D1	0.4
Methylcyclohexane	150	4,000	0.26	ND	D1	0.52
Methylcyclopentane	1,700	750	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
Methylene Chloride (dichloromethane)	160,000	3,500	0.14	ND	D1	0.28
m-Ethyltoluene	18	250	0.11	ND	D1	0.22
n-Butane	1,200,000	8,000	0.2	0.82	L,D1	0.4
n-Decane	620	1,750	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
n-Heptane	670	850	0.25	ND	D1	0.5
n-Hexane	1,500	1,800	0.2	ND	D1	0.4
n-Nonane	2,200	2,000	0.22	ND	D1	0.44
n-Octane	1,700	750	0.19	ND	D1	0.38
n-Pentane	1,400	68,000	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
n-Propylbenzene	3.8	250	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
n-Undecane	Not Available	550	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
o-Ethyltoluene	Not Available	250	0.13	ND	D1	0.26
o-Xylene	380	1,700	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
p-Diethylbenzene	0.39	460	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
p-Ethyltoluene	8.3	250	0.16	ND	D1	0.32
Propane	1,500,000	Simple Asphyxiant*	0.5	2.8	T,D1	1
Propylene	13,000	Simple Asphyxiant*	0.5	ND	T,D1	1
Styrene	25	5,100	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
t-1,3-Dichloropropylene	Not Available	10	0.2	ND	D1	0.4

Tony Walker et al. December 15, 2011 Page 11 of 13

Lab Sample ID	1108039-001						
Compound	Odor AMCV (ppb _v)	Short-Term Health AMCV (ppb _v)	LOD (ppb _v)	Concentrations (ppb _v)	Flags	SDL (ppb _v)	
t-2-Butene	2,100	15,000	0.18	ND	D1	0.36	
t-2-Hexene	Not Available	500	0.27	ND	D1	0.54	
t-2-Pentene	Not Available	2,600	0.27	ND	D1	0.54	
Tetrachloroethylene	770	1,000	0.24	ND	D1	0.48	
Toluene	170	4,000	0.27	0.1	J,D1	0.54	
Trichloroethylene	3,900	100	0.29	ND	D1	0.58	
Trichlorofluoromethane	5,000	10,000	0.29	0.25	J,D1	0.58	
Vinyl Chloride	Not Available	26,000	0.17	ND	D1	0.34	

^{*}A simple asphyxiant displaces air, lowering the partial pressure of oxygen and causing hypoxia at sufficiently high concentrations. ppbv - Parts per billion by volume.

ND - Not detected.

NQ - Concentration can not be quantified.

LOD - Limit of detection.

SDL - Sample Detection Limit (LOD adjusted for dilutions).

INV - Invalid.

- J Reported concentration is below SDL.
- L Reported concentration is at or above the SDL and is below the lower limit of quantitation.
- E Reported concentration exceeds the upper limit of instrument calibration.
- M Result modified from previous result.
- T Data was not confirmed by a confirmational analysis. Data is tentatively identified.
- C Sample received with missing or broken custody seal.
- D1 Sample concentration was calculated using a dilution factor of 4.02.

Table 2. TCEQ Long-Term Air Monitoring Comparison Values (AMCVs)

Please Note: The long-term AMCVs are provided for informational purposes only because it is scientifically inappropriate to compare short-term monitored values to the long-term AMCV.

Compound	Long-Term Health AMCV (ppb _v)	Compound	Long-Term Health AMCV (ppb _v)
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	940	Cyclopentane	120
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1	Cyclopentene	290
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	10	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1,000
1,1-Dichloroethane	100	Ethane	Simple Asphyxiant*
1,1-Dichloroethylene	86	Ethylbenzene	450
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	25	Ethylene**	5,300
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	25	Isobutane	800
1,2-Dibromoethane	0.05	Isopentane (2-methylbutane)	8,000
1,2-Dichloroethane	1	Isoprene	2
1,2-Dichloropropane	10	Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	50
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	25	m & p-Xylene (as mixed isomers)	140
1,3-Butadiene	9.1	m-Diethylbenzene	46
1-Butene	Not Available	Methyl Chloride (chloromethane)	50
1-Pentene	Not Available	Methylcyclohexane	400
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	75	Methylcyclopentane	75
2,2-Dimethylbutane (Neohexane)	100	Methylene Chloride (dichloromethane)	100
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	75	m-Ethyltoluene	25
2,3-Dimethylbutane	99	n-Butane	800
2,3-Dimethylpentane	85	n-Decane	175
2,4-Dimethylpentane	85	n-Heptane	85
2-Chloropentane (as chloroethane)	19	n-Hexane	190
2-Methyl-1-Pentene +1-Hexene	50	n-Nonane	200

Compound	Long-Term Health AMCV (ppb _v)	Compound	Long-Term Health AMCV (ppb _v)
2-Methyl-2-Butene	50	n-Octane	75
2-Methylheptane	75	n-Pentane	8,000
2-Methylhexane	75	n-Propylbenzene	25
2-Methylpentane (Isohexane)	100	n-Undecane	55
3-Methyl-1-Butene	800	o-Ethyltoluene	25
3-Methylheptane	75	o-Xylene	140
3-Methylhexane	75	p-Diethylbenzene	46
3-Methylpentane	100	p-Ethyltoluene	25
4-Methyl-1-Pentene (as hexene)	50	Propane	Simple Asphyxiant*
Acetylene	2,500	Propylene	Simple Asphyxiant*
Benzene	1.4	Styrene	110
Bromomethane (methyl bromide)	3	t-1,3-Dichloropropylene	1
c-1,3-Dichloropropylene	1	t-2-Butene	Not Available
c-2-Butene	Not Available	t-2-Hexene	50
c-2-Hexene	50	t-2-Pentene	Not Available
c-2-Pentene	Not Available	Tetrachloroethylene***	3.8
Carbon Tetrachloride	2	Toluene	1,100
Chlorobenzene (phenyl chloride)	10	Trichloroethylene	10
Chloroform (trichloromethane)	2	Trichlorofluoromethane	1,000
Cyclohexane	100	Vinyl Chloride	0.45

^{*}A simple asphyxiant displaces air, lowering the partial pressure of oxygen and causing hypoxia at sufficiently high concentrations.

^{**}Long-term vegetation AMCV for Ethylene is 30 ppb.

^{***}Long-term vegetation AMCV for Tetrachloroethylene is 12 ppb.